

Matching Sustainable Development Goals' targets and indicators with SustainableEnergy's current programmes

This is an overview of how SE's country programmes in Kenya and Mozambique relates to the SDGs.

SE's international strategy contributes primarily to the following six SDGs: Goal 1 'No Poverty'; Goal 5 'Gender Equality'; Goal 7 'Affordable and Clean Energy'; Goal 13 'Climate Action'; Goal 16 'Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions' and Goal 17 'Partnerships for the Goals'. Each goal comprises of a number of sub-targets with specific indicators attached.

Out of 57 possible sub-targets 13 are identified as being of immediate relevance to our programmes. 16 indicators belonging to the sub-targets are selected for being best suited to match the indicators of SE's country programmes.

Accumulative reporting on each goal and sub-target takes place on an annual basis.

	<p>End poverty in all its forms everywhere</p> <p>The country programmes contribute to sub-targets 1.1, 1.4, and 1.B The programmes work amongst the least privileged in rural and peri-urban areas seeking to connect targeted communities closer to local authorities and organizing them to better access local revenue streams. This includes the right of natural resource committees in Mozambique to receive 20% of the Government's revenue when giving concessions to private operators and the right of communities in Kenya to submit local environmental plans to municipalities and counties for further funding and support. A rights-based approach following the PANT principles intends to maintain focus on the most vulnerable segments within the communities.</p>		
Relevant SDG targets	Relevant SDG indicator	SE Kenya indicator 2017-2019	SE Mozambique indicator 2017-2019
<p>1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day</p>	<p>1.1.1 Proportion of population below the international poverty line, by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)</p>	<p>Programme objective indicator: Duty bearers finance / actively support programmes and projects aiming at communities affected by results of climate change</p>	<p>1.3) Increase in revenues from e.g. 20 % mechanism, other public funding or own sustainable exploitation of NR, in at least 10 cases guided by communities' own plans.</p> <p>4.2) At least 80% of small-scale producers of honey of the covered districts are organized into associations of beekeepers and apply best beekeeping techniques and increase their production and in-come by at least 50%.</p>

<p>1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance</p>	<p>1.4.2 Proportion of total adult population with secure tenure rights to land, with legally recognized documentation and who perceive their rights to land as secure, by sex and by type of tenure</p>	<p>Programme objective indicator: A number of right holders' prioritised climate adaptation plans are approved for funding by either County Government's Committee or at ward and sub-county level</p>	<p>1.1) 370 members of 15 NRMCs representing approx. 30.000 community members have strengthened their management of resources and are increasingly operating transparent and accountable</p> <p>4.1) Most (of 35) existing Beekeepers Associations are empowered and associated. They have access to modern beehives for its members Legal training took place for 3 communities (Maneto, Nhamacolomo and Nhachir). This may contribute to a more transparent and accountable use of the revenue generated.</p>
<p>1.B Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions</p>	<p>1.B.1 Proportion of government recurrent and capital spending to sectors that disproportionately benefit women, the poor and vulnerable groups</p>	<p>1.8 The PCC meets regularly with the County Governments and its executives discussing proposals on Climate adaptation projects</p> <p>3.3 Through training courses participants from CSOs and County government have achieved knowledge of the devolution process, climate adaptation and funding mechanisms, citizens' rights to participate in budget, project identification and planning, with the climate change bill as the legislative basis.</p>	<p>Indicator of the objective of country programme: At provincial and district level authorities show increased ability in securing a transparent processing of the 20 % tax revenue mechanism and at national level showcases of malfunctioning have led to more awareness about the pitfalls in the mechanism.</p>

	<p>Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls</p> <p>The country programmes contribute to sub-targets 5.1 and 5.5</p> <p>Kenya: The DaCCA programme views gender equality as a crosscutting issue that is brought in as a concern and point of observation in all activities. The programme collects and disseminates gender disaggregated data where relevant.</p> <p>Mozambique: The NRMCM programme views gender equality as a crosscutting issue that is brought in as a concern and point of observation in all activities. The programme has a dedicated budgetline earmarked to specialized gender input from the organization Muleide. Field observations and qualitative monitoring methods (e.g. the Most significant change stories) are used to assess progress. The programme collects and disseminates gender disaggregated data where relevant.</p>		
<p>Relevant SDG targets</p>	<p>Relevant SDG indicator</p>	<p>SE Kenya indicator 2017-2019</p>	<p>SE Mozambique indicator 2017-2019</p>
<p>5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere</p>	<p>5.1.1 Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex</p>	<p>1.4 PANT indicators are in focus</p> <p>1.5 Gender issues registered and enacted upon in all phases of the project cycle</p>	<p>1.1) 370 members of 15 NRMCMs representing approx. 30.000 community members have strengthened their management of resources and are increasingly operating transparent and accountable</p> <p>1.2) The level of women with directive posts in committees has risen by 40% - they promote issues and they are successful in putting forward their proposals and men have gained better understanding of gender aspects.</p>
<p>5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life</p>	<p>5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments and local governments</p> <p>5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions</p>	<p>2.3 At least 5 closely linked climate adaptation projects formulated and approved by SE and the Programme Coordinating Committee. Projects are reflecting a right based approach and work within the devolution agenda.</p>	<p>Indicators of the Merkur Solar EMpower project:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 20 female focal points (merchants) are capacitated in promotion of solar lanterns 2. 15 women have successfully expanded their business with a green energy product 3. At least 15 women actively serve as role models for other women in the communities on how to become entrepreneurs



Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

The country programmes contribute to sub-target 7.1

Kenya: A private sector collaboration has been established with the solar lamp company D-light promoting their products into areas where the programme already is active. Affordable and clean energy will be one of three specific longer advocacy campaigns targeting county authorities. The campaign is expected to be launched in early 2018

Mozambique: The goal is primarily indirectly attended to through collaborations with other donors supporting the same partners and same geographical area. A separate mini-project integrated into the country programme support the introduction of solar-based lamp systems.

Relevant SDG targets	Relevant SDG indicator	SE Kenya indicator 2017-2019	SE Mozambique indicator 2017-2019
7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services	7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to electricity	2.3 At least 5 closely linked climate adaptation projects formulated and approved by SE and the Programme Coordinating Committee. Projects are reflecting a right based approach and work within the devolution agenda. Merkur and Roskilde foundations: 1. 400 household have installed a solar home system 2. Green revolving fund established	Indicator of the Merkur Solar EMpower project: 700 families have clean lighting and the wider population enjoy the possibility of recharging cell phones.



Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts
 The country programmes contribute to sub-target 13.3
Kenya: Climate action is a cross cutting theme of the DaCCA programme. The objective reads: ‘An increasingly qualified CSO sector works in close collaboration with the most vulnerable groups and duty-bearers on climate change adaptation interventions and builds on the opportunities provided by the constitutional devolution processes and the climate change act’. Results and experiences from 3 micro community projects supporting adaptation interventions is lifted to relevant offices at county levels seeking further attention and support for upscaling.
Mozambique: Targeted communities are affected by ongoing climate changes. The changes are translated into rising temperatures and more unpredictable rainfall patterns. When influencing the management of local resources (indicator 1.1 and 1.3) climate related issues are taken into account whereby the adaptive capacity of the local authorities and their constituencies are strengthened. The planned in-depth study (indicator 2.3) and general results from the programme will be used in provincial and national advocacy campaigns.

Relevant SDG targets	SDG Indicator	SE Kenya indicator 2017-2019	SE Mozambique indicator 2017-2019
13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning	Number of countries that have communicated the establishment or operationalization of an integrated policy/strategy/plan which increases their ability to adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change, and foster climate resilience and low greenhouse gas emissions development in a manner that does not threaten food production (including a national adaptation plan, nationally determined contribution, national communication, biennial update report or other)	1.1 A cooperation has been established between partners in the programme and likeminded networks and alliances in Kisumu and Homa Bay Counties. 1.2 Regular meetings and coordination of activities are done. 1.3 Networks and authorities are occasionally invited to the PCC meetings for transparency and accountability 1.8 Cooperation with international and regional NGOs to highlight NDCs and climate finances 2.1 Evidence of effects of climate change in Kisumu and Homa Bay Counties are continuously collected and combined with simple vulnerability assessments used as input to project planning and budgeting.	2.3) One topic investigated in depth annually in communities and with local and provincial authorities. (Climate change study)
13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning	13.3.2 Number of countries that have communicated the strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and technology transfer, and development actions	1.7 Internal training and workshops conducted by knowledge institutions within civic education, devolution and climate change. 2.2 Existing resilient and sustainable community models are mapped and disseminated as an inventory.	



Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

The country programmes contribute to target 16.5, 16.6, 16.7 and 16.10

Mozambique and Kenya: Our programs work strategically around this target by collaborating closely with 8 to 9 civil society partners. Partners are engaged in discussions on agreed deliverables within the PANT principles and capacity build to engage both local duty bearers and wider community organisations around the principles.

Relevant SDG targets	Relevant SDG indicator	SE Kenya indicator 2017-2019	SE Mozambique indicator 2017-2019
16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms	16.5.1 Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months	1.4 PANT indicators are in focus 3.1 Identification of shared 'entry points' between CSOs and the County government has been done	1.4) The majority of Local Authorities re-interviewed (baseline/impact study) report about more frequent interaction with NRMCS and an increase in number of efforts to assist NRMCS. 1.1) 370 members of 15 NRMCS representing approx. 30.000 community members have strengthened their management of resources and are increasingly operating transparent and accountable
16.6 Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels	16.6.1 Primary government expenditures as a proportion of original approved budget, by sector (or by budget codes or similar) 16.6.2 Proportion of the population satisfied with their last experience of public services	1.1 A cooperation has been established between partners in the programme and likeminded networks and alliances in Kisumu and Homa Bay Counties. 1.2 Regular meetings and coordination of activities are done.	
16.7 Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative	16.7.2 Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group	Objective indicator A number of right holders' prioritised climate adaptation plans are approved for funding by either County Government's Committee or at ward and sub-county level	1.4) The majority of Local Authorities re-interviewed (baseline/impact study) report about more frequent interaction with NRMCS and an increase in number of efforts to assist NRMCS.

<p>decision-making at all levels</p>			<p>1.5) 15 committees have improved their knowledge on relevant laws and procedures in relation to the 20 % mechanism and NR concessions.</p>
<p>16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements</p>	<p>16.10.2 Number of countries that adopt and implement constitutional, statutory and/or policy guarantees for public access to information</p>	<p>1.4 PANT indicators are in focus</p> <p>3.3 Through training courses participants from CSOs and County government have achieved knowledge of the devolution process, climate change and funding mechanisms, citizens' rights to participate in budget, project identification and planning with the climate change bill as the legislative basis.</p> <p>3.4 CSOs and County government officials are in touch and cooperate where feasible around the devolution agenda with climate adaptation issues</p>	<p>3.1) The findings and evidence from the NRM laboratory is disseminated and findings and studies have been translated into two focussed national advocacy efforts with objectives and an operational plan.</p>



Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development
 The country programmes contribute to sub-targets 17.9 and 17.17

Mozambique and Kenya: Consortia of civil society organisations comprising of national operational and strategic partners are build and supported in both country programmes. Selected consortium partners are autonomous organisations and have the ability and willingness to supplement each other while collaborating around specific technical and advocacy issues. SE is part of the consortiums and revitalise the partnerships through new collaboration regimes building on principles of mutuality.

Relevant targets	Relevant SDG indicator	SE Kenya indicator 2017-2019	SE Mozambique indicator 2017-2019
17.9 Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the sustainable development goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation	17.9.1 Dollar value of financial and technical assistance (including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation) committed to developing countries	An integral part of both country programmes	
17.17 Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships	17.17.1 Amount of United States dollars committed to public-private and civil society partnerships	An integral part of both country programmes	